

§6.2 (PART 1): SOME IMPORTANT FORMULAS

- 1.] REDDY MIKKS COMPANY: Recall the Reddy Mikks company once again (Worksheet 4.5 Part 1). Below the LP is in standard form along with its optimal tableau.

Maximize:	$z = 5x_1 + 4x_2$									
Subject to:	$6x_1 + 4x_2 + s_1$	$= 24$								
	$x_1 + 2x_2 + s_2$	$= 6$								
	$-x_1 + x_2 + s_3$	$= 1$								
	$x_2 + s_4$	$= 2$								
	$x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4 \geq 0$									
Row	Basic	z	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	s_4	RHS	
0	z	1	0	0	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	21	
1	x_1	0	1	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	3	
2	x_2	0	0	1	$-\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	$\frac{3}{2}$	
3	s_3	0	0	0	$\frac{9}{24}$	$-\frac{5}{4}$	1	0	$\frac{5}{2}$	
4	s_4	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	

Write down the matrix A and the vectors \mathbf{x} , \mathbf{c} , and \mathbf{b} . Construct the vectors \mathbf{x}_{BV} , \mathbf{x}_{NBV} , \mathbf{c}_{BV} , \mathbf{c}_{NBV} and the matrices B and N using the set of basic variables that yield the optimal solution. Write the system in the alternative form.

2.] Find B^{-1} and confirm that $\mathbf{x}_{BV} + B^{-1}N\mathbf{x}_{NBV} = B^{-1}\mathbf{b}$ represents the optimal tableau.

3.] Confirm that Row 0 of the optimal tableau can be written as $z + (\mathbf{c}_{BV}^T B^{-1}N - \mathbf{c}_{NBV}^T) \mathbf{x}_{NBV} = \mathbf{c}_{BV}^T B^{-1}\mathbf{b}$.