

§4.8: UNBOUNDED LPS

1.] Consider the following LP:

$$\text{Maximize: } z = 36x_1 + 30x_2 - 3x_3 - 4x_4$$

$$\text{Subject to: } x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \leq 5$$

$$6x_1 + 5x_2 - x_4 \leq 10$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$$

a.) Solve the problem using the Simplex Method.

Row	Basic		RHS
0	z		
1			
2			

Row	Basic		RHS
0'	z		
1'			
2'			

Row	Basic		RHS
0''	z		
1''			
2''			

b.) Suppose $x_3 = 1$. How would the variables x_1 and x_4 change? How would the objective function value change? Is this solution still feasible?

c.) Let \mathbf{x} be the the solution from the last iteration of the Simplex Method. Define the feasible solution $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{x}$ for some direction of unboundedness \mathbf{d} . Show that $\mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{d} > 0$.

2.] Consider the following LP:

$$\text{Maximize: } z = 20x_1 + 10x_2 + x_3$$

$$\text{Subject to: } 3x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 50$$

$$x_1 + x_3 \leq 10$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 4x_3 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

(a) By inspecting the constraints, determine the direction $(x_1, x_2, \text{ or } x_3)$ in which the solution space is unbounded. Define \mathbf{d} and show $\mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{d} > 0$.

(b) Without further computations, what can you conclude regarding the optimum objective value?

3.] Consider the following minimization LP:

$$\text{Minimize: } z = -x_1 - 3x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to: } x_1 - 2x_2 \leq 4$$

$$-x_1 + x_2 \leq 3$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Show that this LP is unbounded.

Row	Basic		RHS
0	z		
1			
2			

Row	Basic		RHS
0'	z		
1'			
2'			